

COMMITTEE FOR THE ENVIRONMENT AND INFRASTRUCTURE

GENERAL IMPORT LICENCE 2017/01

This document has effect as an import permit for the purposes of paragraphs 6 and 7 of Schedule 7 to the Import (Control) (Guernsey) Order, 2010.

The States of Guernsey Committee for the Environment and Infrastructure authorises the importation of the following, subject to any specified conditions:

Live Animals

- 1.0 The animals specified below may be imported into Guernsey:
- 1.1 A cat on condition that it is imported in accordance with the provisions of the Rabies Order, 2014,
- 1.2 A dog, other than a breed of dog specified in Annex 1, on condition that it is imported in accordance with the provisions of the Rabies Order, 2014; and if it is imported from a country or territory other than a country or territory in the British Isles or directly from Malta or Finland, it is treated against mature and immature intestinal forms of the *Echinococcus multilocularis* parasite within a period of not more than 120 hours and not less than 24 hours before the time of entry into the Islands and that such treatment:
 - (a) is administered by a veterinarian and consists of a medicinal product that contains an appropriate dose of:
 - (i) praziquantel; or
 - (ii) pharmacologically active substances, which alone or in combination, have been proven to reduce the burden of mature and immature intestinal forms of the *Echinococcus multilocularis* parasite in the host species concerned;
 - (b) the said medicinal product has been granted:
 - (i) a marketing authorisation for use in a Member State of the European Community; or
 - (ii) an approval or licence by the competent authority of the country or territory of provenance of such a dog; and
 - (c) is recorded by the veterinarian who administered the product in an identification document that conforms with the model passport or the model health certificate in Regulation (EU) No.577/2013.
- 1.3 a ferret, on condition that it is imported in accordance with the provisions of the Rabies Order, 2014,
- 1.4 a pet rabbit or a pet rodent, other than a rodent of species listed in Annex A, B, or C of Regulation (EC) No. 338/97, on condition that it is imported in accordance with the provisions of the Rabies Order, 2014.

- 1.5 a bovine animal imported from Alderney or Sark, on condition that it:
- a) was:
 - i) born in, and has remained continuously since birth in, the island of importation; or
 - ii) imported into the island of importation from Guernsey and is being re-exported to Guernsey,
 - b) has been tested according to a standard equivalent to the requirements of the Animal Health Ordinance, 1996,
 - c) is identified according to the requirements specified in the Identification of Bovine Animals and Bovine Record Books Order, 2003; and
 - d) the island of exportation is not subject to foot and mouth disease restrictions,
- 1.6 a horse, donkey or mule imported into the Island from the United Kingdom, Ireland, Isle of Man, Jersey, Alderney or Sark, on condition that:
- a) it is transported:
 - i) directly to the Island from one of the said countries or territories, or
 - ii) in the case of a horse, donkey or mule that originates from the Isle of Man, through the United Kingdom and then directly to the Island from the United Kingdom, and
 - b) that the country or territory from which a horse, donkey or mule is dispatched, or through which is transported, is not subject to foot and mouth disease restrictions,
- 1.7 a horse imported into the Island from Ireland or France on condition that:
- a) it is a horse that complies with the requirements of the Tripartite Agreement,
 - b) prior notification of importation is provided by means of TRACES,
 - c) it is imported directly to the Island from Ireland or France, and
 - d) The country of export is not is not subject to foot and mouth disease restrictions,
- 1.8 a pig, sheep or goat imported from Alderney or Sark on condition that:
- a) it was born in, and has remained continuously since birth in, the island of importation; or
 - b) it was imported into the island of importation from Guernsey and is being re-exported to Guernsey; and
 - c) the island of importation is not subject to foot and mouth disease restrictions,

- 1.9 poultry imported from Jersey, Alderney or Sark on condition that:
- a) they were born in, and have remained continuously since birth in the island of importation; or
 - b) they were imported into the island of importation from Guernsey and are being re-exported to Guernsey; and
 - c) the island of importation is not subject to restrictions in relation to Newcastle Disease or Avian Influenza,
- 1.10 hatching eggs of poultry imported from Jersey, Alderney or Sark on condition that they were:
- a) produced in the island of importation; and
 - b) the island of importation is not subject to restrictions in relation to Newcastle Disease or Avian Influenza,
- 1.11 a pigeon imported from a Member State of the European Community, Jersey, Alderney, Sark or the Isle of Man on condition that it:
- a) it is accompanied by a certificate showing that it has been vaccinated against paramyxovirus; and
 - b) the country or territory from which it is despatched or flown is not subject to restrictions in relation to Newcastle Disease or Avian Influenza,
- 1.12 an animal specified in Part I of Annex 2, imported from a Member State of the European Community, Jersey, Alderney, Sark or the Isle of Man,
- 1.13 a pet bird specified in Part II of Annex 2, imported from a Member State of the European Community, Jersey, Alderney, Sark or the Isle of Man,
- 1.14 an animal of a species listed in Annex A, B, or C of Regulation (EC) No. 338/97 imported from Alderney or Sark, on condition that it was:
- a) born in, and has remained continuously since birth in, the island of importation; or
 - b) imported into the island of importation in accordance with the provisions of the said Regulation prior to consignment to Guernsey,
- 1.15 an aquatic animal, other than an animal of a species listed in Annex A, B, or C of Regulation (EC) No. 338/97, that is:
- a) harvested or caught for direct entry into the food chain; or
 - c) caught for the purpose of producing fish meal, fish feed, fish oil or a similar product,

- 1.16 an aquatic animal, other than an animal of a species listed in Annex A, B, or C of Regulation (EC) No. 338/97, imported from a Member State of the European Community, Jersey, Alderney or Sark, by a:
- a) private individual, provided that such an animal is intended to be kept by that person in an aquarium or pond, or
 - b) business, provided that such an animal is intended for sale to private individuals to be kept in an aquarium or pond.
- 1.17 an organism specified in Annex 3, imported from a Member State of the European Community for use as a biological control agent.

Products of Animal Origin intended for Human Consumption

Importation from any Member State of the European Community

- 2.0 Products of animal origin may be imported into Guernsey from any Member State of the European Community on condition that they:
- a) have been produced in accordance with the principles of European Community food law specified in Regulation 178/2002,
 - b) have been produced in accordance with animal health rules governing production, processing and distribution specified in Directive 2002/99/EC,
 - c) comply with the general rules on the hygiene of foodstuffs specified in Regulation 852/2004,
 - d) comply with the specific rules on the hygiene of foodstuffs specified in Regulation 853/2004,
 - e) have been subject to official controls in accordance with the provisions of Regulation 854/2004, such controls having been carried out in accordance with the general rules on the performance of official controls specified in Regulation 882/2004,
 - f) where required by Regulation 853/2004, be accompanied by the documents specified in that Regulation,
 - g) originate from an establishment registered in accordance with Regulation 852/2004 and which appears on a list of approved establishments published from time to time by the European Commission,
 - h) bear either an identification mark applied in accordance with Regulation 853/2004 or health mark applied in accordance with Regulation 854/2004,
 - i) in the case of products of animal origin from bovine, ovine and caprine animals, satisfy the requirements of Chapter V of Regulation 999/2001; and
 - j) do not originate from a Member State or part of a Member State that is subject to foot and mouth disease restrictions.

- 2.1 Products of animal origin may also be imported into Guernsey from any Member State of the European Community on condition that they:
- a) are imported by an individual for his personal consumption,
 - b) do not exceed 10 kg by weight at the time of importation; and
 - c) do not originate from a Member State or any part of a Member State that is subject to foot and mouth disease restrictions.

Importation from the United Kingdom

- 2.2 Products of animal origin may be imported from the United Kingdom other than in accordance with the requirements of paragraph 2.0 or paragraph 2.1, on condition that they:
- a) comply with food hygiene requirements of the Food Standards Agency; and
 - b) neither the United Kingdom nor any relevant part of the United Kingdom is subject to foot and mouth disease restrictions.

Importation from Jersey, Alderney and Sark

- 2.3 Products of animal origin may be imported from Jersey, Alderney or Sark on condition that:
- a) they were produced in the island of importation; and
 - b) the island of importation is not subject to foot and mouth disease restrictions.
- 2.4 Products of animal origin specified in any of paragraphs 2.0 to 2.2 imported into Jersey, Alderney or Sark before consignment to Guernsey, may be imported into Guernsey on condition that they meet the requirements of the relevant paragraph.

Importation from a Third Country

- 2.5 Products of animal origin may be imported from a third country on condition that they:
- a) are products specified in Annex 4 and, where appropriate:
 - i) are consigned from a country or territory,
 - ii) comply with any import conditions; and
 - ii) are accompanied by any certificate,
specified in the European Community instruments listed in Annex 4 for the relevant products,
 - b) are not consigned from a country or territory that is subject to foot and mouth disease restrictions,

- c) have been produced in accordance with the principles and comply with the requirements of European Community food law as specified in Regulation 178/2002,
 - d) have been produced and imported in accordance with animal health rules governing production, processing and distribution specified in Directive 2002/99/EC,
 - e) comply with the general rules on the hygiene of foodstuffs specified in Articles 3 to 6 of Regulation 852/2004,
 - f) comply with the specific rules on the hygiene of foodstuffs specified in Regulation 853/2004,
 - g) have been subject to official controls in accordance with the provisions of Regulation 854/2004 and Regulation 882/2004,
 - h) originate from an establishment approved by the European Community and which appears on a list of approved establishments published from time to time by the European Commission,
 - i) bear either an identification mark applied in accordance with Regulation 853/2004 or health mark applied in accordance with Regulation 854/2004,
 - j) in the case of products of animal origin from bovine, ovine and caprine animals, satisfy the requirements of Chapter V of Regulation 999/2001; and
 - k) are imported into the European Community through a Border Inspection Post and must satisfy Community rules regarding the importation of the relevant produce before consignment to Guernsey.
- 2.6 Notwithstanding the requirements of paragraph 2.5, fish, bivalves or fisheries products may be imported from a third country by an individual for his personal consumption, provided that they:
- a) do not exceed 20 kg by weight at the time of importation,
 - b) in the case of bivalves, they are dead, and
 - c) in the case of fish, they are gutted if fresh or they have been processed (cooked, cured, dried or smoked).

Products of Animal Origin not intended for Human Consumption

- 3.0 Bovine semen, ova and embryos may be imported into Guernsey in accordance with the provisions of the Bovine Semen, Artificial Insemination and Embryo Transplantation Ordinances, 1957 to 2001.

Feeding Stuffs for Animals Feed (including Pet Foods)

- 4.0 A pet food may be imported:

- a) from Member States of the European Community on condition that it has been produced in accordance with Regulation 1774/2002; and
- b) from a third country, on condition that it:
 - i) originates from a country or territory that is listed in Decision 79/542/EC,
 - ii) in the case of a pet food that contain fishery products, originates from a country that is listed in Commission Decision 97/296/EC,
 - iii) has been produced in an establishment that conforms with the requirements of Regulation 1774/2002,
 - iv) has been imported into the European Community through a Border Inspection Post and has been released from such a Post for circulation within the Community before being consigned to Guernsey; and
 - v) is accompanied by the certification specified in Regulation 1774/2002 and that certification includes any guarantees required by the Community regarding certain Transmissible Spongiform Encephalopathies.

4.1. An animal feed, other than a pet food, may be imported:

- a) from a Member State of the European Community, on condition that it:
 - i) has been produced in an establishment registered in accordance with Regulation 183/2005,
 - ii) has been produced in accordance with the Regulation 183/2005 and the principles of Regulation 178/2002; and
 - iii) has been subjected to official controls in accordance with Regulation 882/2004,
- b) from a third country on condition that it:
 - i) has been produced in a country or territory that is on a list drawn up in accordance with Regulation 882/2004,
 - ii) has been produced in an establishment that is on a list drawn up in accordance with Regulation 882/2004,
 - iii) has been produced in accordance with Regulation 183/2005 and the principles of Regulation 178/2002,
 - iv) has been imported into the European Community through a Border Inspection Post and has been released from such a Post for circulation within the Community before being consigned to Guernsey; and
 - v) is accompanied by a certificate drawn up in accordance with Regulation 183/2005.

- 4.2 Feeding stuff for animals specified in either paragraph 4.0 or 4.1 imported into Jersey, Alderney or Sark before consignment to Guernsey, may be imported into Guernsey on condition that they meet the requirements of the relevant paragraph.

Fertiliser

- 5.0 A fertiliser may be imported from a Member State of the European Community, the Isle of Man, Jersey, Alderney or Sark on condition that it conforms with the requirements of Regulation 2003/2003.
- 5.1 A fertiliser imported from a Member State of the European Community or the Isle of Man, that has been imported into Jersey, Alderney or Sark before consignment to Guernsey, may be imported into Guernsey on condition that it meets the requirements of Regulation 2003/2003.

Hay Straw and Litter

- 6.0 Hay, straw and litter may be imported from a Member State of the European Community, the Isle of Man, Jersey, Alderney or Sark; on condition that the country or territory from which it is imported is not subject to foot and mouth disease restrictions.

Interpretation

- 7.1 For the purposes of this licence, the following definitions shall apply, unless the context requires otherwise –

“aquatic animal”	means fish belonging to the superclass Agnatha and the classes Chondrichthyes and Osteichthyes, mollusc belonging to the Phylum Mollusca, crustacean belonging to the Subphylum Crustacea, anemones (Family Actiniidae), Star fish and Urchins (Class Asteroidea), Sea Cucumbers (Class Holothuroidea), Sponges (Phylum Porifera), Sea Squirts (Ascidiacea) and Featherworms (Family Sabellidae).
“aquaculture animal”	means any aquatic animal at all of its life stages, including eggs and sperm/gametes, reared in a farm or a mollusc farming area, including any aquatic animal from the wild intended for a farm or mollusc farming area.
“animal”	means any live creature other than man.
“biological control agent”	means an organism that is a natural predator of a pest organism.
“bivalve mollusc”	means filter feeding lamellibranch mollusc and includes tunicates, echinoderms and marine gastropods.
“Border Inspection Post”	means a place in a Member State of the European Community established in accordance with Directive 97/78/EC at which consignments are introduced into one of the territories listed in Annex I of that Directive.
“bovine”	means an animal of the family Bovidae.

“caprine”	means an animal of the genus <i>Capra</i> and includes goats.
"carcase"	means the body of an animal after slaughter and dressing.
“cat”	means <i>Felis catus</i> , excluding hybrids F1 to F4
“collagen”	means the main protein of connective tissue found in animals.
Commission Decision 2003/803/EC	means Commission Decision of 26 November 2003 establishing a model passport for the intra-Community movements of dogs, cats and ferrets.
Commission Decision 2004/824/EC	means Commission Decision of 1 December 2004 establishing a model health certificate for non-commercial movements of dogs, cats and ferrets from third countries into the Community
“Directive 97/78/EC”	means Council Directive 97/78/EC of 18 December 1997 laying down the principles governing the organisation of veterinary checks on products entering the Community from third countries
“Directive 2002/99/EC”	means Council Directive 2002/99/EC of 16 December 2002 laying down the animal health rules governing the production, processing, distribution and introduction of products of animal origin for human consumption.
“dog”	means <i>Canis lupus familiaris</i> , excluding hybrids F1 to F4.
“eggs”	means eggs in shell, other than broken, incubated or cooked eggs that are produced by farmed birds and are fit for direct human consumption or for the preparation of egg products.
“egg product”	means processed products resulting from the processing of eggs, various components or mixtures of eggs, or from the further processing of such processed products.
“establishment”	includes a slaughter house, cutting plant, production area and vessel.
"farmed game"	means farmed ratites and farmed land mammals.
“fertiliser”	means material, the main function of which is to provide nutrients for plants.
“fishery product”	means all seawater or freshwater animals (except for live bivalve molluscs, live echinoderms, live tunicates and live marine gastropods, and all mammals, reptiles and frogs) whether wild or farmed and including all edible forms, parts and products of such animals.

“food”	means a processed, partially processed or unprocessed substance of product and includes live animals marketed for human consumption.
“fresh meat”	means meat that is fit for human consumption that has not undergone any preserving process other than chilling or freezing.
“frogs legs”	means the back part of the body divided by a transversal cut behind the front limbs, eviscerated and skinned, of the species <i>Rana</i> spp. (family Ranidae), presented fresh, frozen or processed.
“game animal”	includes rabbit, hare, wild boar, deer and includes such animals that have been farmed or taken from the wild.
“game bird”	means guinea fowl, pheasant, partridge, ptarmigan, pigeon and quail and includes such birds that have been farmed or taken from the wild.
“gelatine”	means a substance derived from collagen commonly used as a gelling agent in food.
“hay”	means any grass, clover, lucerne or sainfoin which has been dried either naturally or artificially and includes any product (other than grain) which is obtained by so drying any green cereal.
"island of importation"	in relation to an animal, means – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) the island from which the animal is imported into Guernsey, and (b) in the case of Jersey, means the Bailiwick of Jersey.
"lagomorphs"	means rabbits, hares and rodents.
"large wild game"	means wild land mammals living freely in the wild that do not fall within the definition of small wild game.
“litter”	includes any other substance commonly used for bedding or otherwise for or about animals.
“meat preparation”	means fresh meat, including meat reduced to fragments, which has had foodstuffs, seasonings or additives added to it or which has undergone processes that are insufficient to eliminate the characteristics of fresh meat.
“meat product”	means processed products resulting from processing so that the cut surface shows that the product no longer has the characteristics of fresh meat.
“milk product”	means processed products resulting from the processing of raw milk or from the further processing of such products.

"milk"	means milk produced by the secretion of the mammary gland of farmed animals.
"offal"	means fresh meat other than that of the carcass, including viscera and blood.
"OIE"	means the World Organisation for Animal Health.
"ornamental aquatic animal"	means an aquatic animal which is kept, reared or placed on the market for ornamental purposes only.
"ovine"	means an animal of the genus Ovis and includes sheep.
"pet"	means an animal kept for interest or companionship.
"pet food"	means raw or processed meat derived from any animal that may be mixed with any non-meat products that may be placed on the market in cans or other hermetically sealed containers that is intended to be fed to any animal belonging to species normally nourished and kept, but not consumed, by humans for purposes other than farming and includes dog chews.
"porcine"	means an animal of the Family Suidae and includes pigs.
"poultry"	means farmed birds, including birds that are not considered as domestic but which are farmed as domestic animals, with the exception of ratites and includes domestic fowl, turkeys, geese, ducks, guinea fowl, quail, pheasant and partridge.
"primary production"	means production of the soil, stock farming, hunting and fishing.
"processed product"	means an initial substance or product that has been substantially altered and including by heating, smoking, curing, maturing, drying, marinating, extraction, extrusion or a combination of processes.
"production"	includes primary production.
"products of animal origin"	mean products obtained from animals and products obtained therefrom, for human consumption, including live animals where they are produced for such use.
"ratite"	means an animal of the families Struthionidae, Rheidae and Cassuariidae.
"raw milk"	means milk that has not been heated to more than 40°C or undergone any treatment that has an equivalent effect.
"Regulation 178/2002"	means Regulation (EC) No 178/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 28 January 2002 laying down the general principles and requirements of food law, establishing the

European Food Safety Authority and laying down procedures in matters of food safety.

- “Regulation 183/2005”** means Regulation (EC) No 183/2005 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 12 January 2005 laying down requirements for feed hygiene.
- “Regulation 338/97”** Council Regulation (EC) No 338/97 of 9 December 1996 on the protection of species of wild fauna and flora by regulating trade therein.
- “Regulation 557/2013”** Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) No 577/2013 of 28 June 2013 on the model identification documents for the non-commercial movement of dogs, cats and ferrets, the establishment of lists of territories and third countries and the format, layout and language requirements of the declarations attesting compliance with certain conditions provided for in Regulation (EU) No 576/2013 of the European Parliament and the Council.
- “Regulation 852/2004”** means Regulation (EC) No 852/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 April 2004 on the hygiene of foodstuffs.
- “Regulation 853/2004”** means Regulation (EC) No 853/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 April 2004 laying down specific hygiene rules for food of animal origin.
- “Regulation 854/2004”** means Regulation (EC) No 854/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 April 2004 laying down specific rules for the organisation of official controls on products of animal origin intended for human consumption.
- “Regulation 882/2004”** means Regulation (EC) No 882/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 April 2004 on official controls performed to ensure the verification of compliance with feed and food law, animal health and animal welfare rules.
- “Regulation 999/2001”** means Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 May 2001 laying down rules for the prevention, control and eradication of certain transmissible spongiform encephalopathies.
- “Regulation 1774/2002”** means Regulation (EC) No 1774/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 3 October 2002 laying down health rules concerning animal by-products not intended for human consumption.
- “Regulation 2003/2003”** means Regulation (EC) No 2003/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 13 October 2003 relating to fertilisers.
- “Regulation 2074/2005”** means Commission Regulation (EC) No 2074/2005 of 5 December 2005 laying down implementing measures for certain

products under Regulation (EC) No 853/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council and for the organisation of official controls under Regulation (EC) No 854/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council and Regulation (EC) No 882/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council, derogating from Regulation (EC) No 852/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council and amending Regulations (EC) No 853/2004 and (EC) No 854/2004

“rodent”	means any animal of the Order Rodentia and includes mice, rats, guinea pigs, chinchillas, gerbils and hamsters.
"small wild game"	means wild game birds and lagomorphs living freely in the wild.
“snail”	means a snail of the species <i>Helix pomatia</i> Linné, <i>Helix aspersa</i> Muller, <i>Helix lucorum</i> and species of the family of Achatinidae.
“snail meat”	means shelled, cooked and prepared or preserved snail meat intended for human consumption.
“soliped”	means a mammal having a single hoof and includes horses, donkeys, mules and asses.
“specified risk material”	means the material specified in Annex V of Regulation (EC) No 999/ 2001.
“specimen”	means includes live examples of flora and fauna and any parts and derivatives thereof.
“straw”	means and green cereal which has been dried either naturally or artificially and includes any product (other than grain) which is obtained by so drying any green cereal.
“third country”	means a country or territory other than the Channel Islands, Isle of Man or a Member State of the European Community.
“Tripartite Agreement”	means the agreement between France, Ireland and the United Kingdom concerning the movement and trade in equidae signed by the Chief Veterinary Officers of France, Ireland and the United Kingdom in Paris on 20 November 2013.
"ungulate"	means domestic bovine (including <i>Bubalus</i> and <i>Bison</i> species), porcine, ovine and caprine animals, and domestic solipeds.
“unprocessed product”	means a product that has not undergone processing and includes products that have been divided, parted, severed, sliced, ground, cut, cleaned, trimmed, husked, milled, chilled, frozen, deep frozen or thawed.
"wild game"	means wild ungulates and lagomorphs, as well as other land mammals that are hunted for human consumption and are considered to be wild game under the applicable law in the Member State concerned, including mammals living in enclosed

territory under conditions of freedom similar to those of wild game; and wild birds that are hunted for consumption.

- 7.2 In this licence, unless the context requires otherwise --
- (a) a reference to any enactment or UK legislation is a reference to the enactment or legislation concerned as from time to time amended, varied, re-enacted (with or without modification), extended or applied,
 - (b) a reference to any Community directive or regulation, or any Commission Decision or Council Decision, or any provision or part of it, is a reference to the directive, regulation, decision, provision, or part concerned as from time to time amended or re-issued (with or without modification), and
 - (c) a reference to any convention, treaty or other international agreement, or any provision or part of it is a reference to the agreement, provision, or part concerned, as from time to time amended or re-issued (with or without modification).
- 7.3 Unless the context requires otherwise, an expression used in this import permit has the same meaning as in the Import (Control) (Guernsey) Order, 2010.

Revocation

- 8.1 The General Import Licence 2015/01 is revoked.

Validity

- 9.1 This licence is valid from the date of signature and until revoked by a subsequent licence.



Jon Buckland
CHIEF SECRETARY
For and on behalf of the
Committee for the Environment and Infrastructure

Date 5/9/17

ANNEX 1

Pit Bull Terrier
Japanese tosa
Dogo Argentino
Fila Brasileiro

ANNEX 2

Part I

Fish bait (maggots, ragworm or lugworm)

The following animals:

Ants

Stick Insects

Mealworms

Tenebrio obscura

(Mini Mealworm)

Tenebrio molitor

Zophobas morio

(Morio, Superworm)

Butterworm

Chilecomadia moorei

(Trevo Worm)

Phoenix Worm

Hermetia illucens

(Reptiworm, Calciworm, Soldier Grub)

Waxworm

Galleria mellonella

Earthworm

Denenbrobaena spp

(European Nightcrawler)

Eisenia spp

(Redworm)

Lumbricus terrestris

Silkworm

Bombyx mori

Cricket

Acheta domesticus

(Brown Cricket, House Cricket)

Gryllus bimaculatus

(Black Cricket)

Gryllus assimilis

(Silent Cricket, Jamaican Field Cricket)

Gryllodes sigillatus

(Banded Cricket)

Grasshopper

Schistocerca gregaria

(Desert Locust)

Locusta migratoria

(Migratory Locust)

Cockroach

Blaberus discoidale

(Discoid Roach)

Blaptica dubia

(Guyana Orange Spotted Roach)

Blatta lateralis

(Turkistan Roach)

Eublaberus distant

(Six-Spotted Roach)

Eublaberus prosticus

(Orange-Headed Roach)

Gromphadorhina portentosa

(Madagascar Hissing Roach)

Nauphoeta cinerea

(Lobster Roach)

Fruit Fly

Drosophila melanogaster

Drosophila hydei

House Fly

Musca domesticus

(Curly-Wing Fly)

Bean Weevil

Acanthoscelides obtectus

Fruit Beetle

Pachnoda marginata

(Sun Beetle)

Edible Snail

Part II

Budgerigar	(<i>Melopsittacus undulates</i>)
Cockatiel	(<i>Nymphicus hollandicus</i>)
Finch	(Fringillidae), including Canary, but excluding <i>Carduelis cucullata</i> (Red Siskin and <i>Carduelis yarrellii</i> (Yellow-Faced Siskin))
Rosy-faced Lovebird	(<i>Agapornis roseicollis</i>)
Rose-ringed Parakeet	(<i>Psittacula krameri</i>)

ANNEX 3

Insecta

Braconidae

Ephedrus cerasicola
Praon volucre

Coleoptera:

Adalia bipunctata
Atheta coriaria
Cryptolaemus montrouzieri
Delphastus catalinae
Stethorus punctillum

Diptera:

Aphidoletes aphidimyza
Feltiella acarisuga (*Therodiplosis persicae*)

Hemiptera/Heteroptera:

Macrolophus caliginosus
Macrolophus pygmaeus
Orius laevigatus

Hymenoptera:

Anagrus atomus
Aphelinus abdominalis
Aphidius colemani
Aphidius ervi
Aphidius matricaria
Dacnusa sibirica
Diglyphus isaea
Encarsia Formosa
Eretmocerus eremicus
Leptomastidea (*Leptomastix*) *abnormis*
Leptomastix dactylopii
Leptomastix epona
Metaphycus species
Opius pallipes

Neuroptera:

Chrysoperla carnea

Arachnida:

Acarina:

Amblydromalus limonicus
Amblyseius andersoni
Amblyseius degenerans
Amblyseius swirskii
Androlaelaps cassalis
Hypoaspis aculifer
Metaseiulus occidentalis
Neoseiulus (Amblyseius) californicus
Neoseiulus (Amblyseius) cucumeris
Phytoseiulus persimilis
Stratiolaelaps (Hyleraspis) miles
Typhlodromus pyri

Nematoda:

Heterorhabditis megidis
Heterorhabditis bacteriophora
Phasmarhabditis hermaphrodita
Steinernema carpocapsae
Steinernema feltiae
Steinernema kraussei

ANNEX 4

Raw milk and dairy products

Commission Decision 2004/438/EC of 29 April 2004 laying down animal and public health and veterinary certification conditions for introduction in the Community of heat-treated milk, milk-based products and raw milk intended for human consumption

Note: this Decision has been repealed, but veterinary certification issued under it is valid until 30 November 2010.

Commission Regulation (EU) No 605/2010 of 2 July 2010 laying down the animal and public health and veterinary certification conditions for the introduction into the European Community of raw milk and dairy products intended for human consumption.

Poultry products (eggs and egg products)

Commission Regulation (EC) No 798/2008 of 8 August 2008 laying down a list of third countries, territories, zones or compartments from which poultry and poultry products may be imported into and transit through the Community and the veterinary certification requirements

Fresh red meat and minced meat derived from domestic bovine, porcine, ovine or caprine animals, poultry, lagomorphs or wild or farmed game

Fresh, refrigerated and frozen meat and offal from farmed and wild cloven hoofed animals, wild solipeds and wild and farmed wild swine

Council Decision 79/542/EEC of 21 December 1976 drawing up a list of third countries or parts of third countries, and drawing up a list of third countries or parts of third countries, and laying down animal and public health and veterinary certification conditions, for importation into the Community of certain live animals and their fresh meat

Meat from wild and farmed rabbits, hares and wild land mammals (excluding ungulates) and farmed game birds (excluding ratites)

Commission Decision 2000/585/EC of 7 September 2000 drawing up a list of third countries from which Member States authorise imports of rabbit meat and certain wild and farmed game meat, and laying down the animal and public health and the veterinary certification conditions for such imports

Meat derived from poultry

Commission Regulation (EC) No 798/2008 of 8 August 2008 laying down a list of third countries, territories, zones or compartments from which poultry and poultry products may be imported into and transit through the Community and the veterinary certification requirements

Meat derived ratites and wild game birds

Commission Decision 2006/696/EC of 28 August 2006 laying down a list of third countries from which poultry, hatching eggs, day-old chicks, meat of poultry, ratites and wild game-birds, eggs and egg products and specified pathogen-free eggs may be imported into and transit through the Community and the applicable veterinary certification conditions, and amending Decisions 93/342/EEC, 2000/585/EC and 2003/812/EC

Meat products and treated stomachs, bladders and intestines

Commission Decision 2007/777/EC of 29 November 2007 laying down the animal and public health conditions and model certificates for imports of certain meat products and treated stomachs, bladders and intestines for human consumption from third countries and repealing Decision 2005/432/EC

Meat preparations

From bovines, ovines, caprines, porcines, wild cloven hoofed game, farmed cloven hoofed game, farmed wild swine and wild swine:

Council Decision 79/542/EEC of 21 December 1976 drawing up a list of third countries or parts of third countries, and drawing up a list of third countries or parts of third countries, and laying down animal and public health and veterinary certification conditions, for importation into the Community of certain live animals and their fresh meat

From poultry, ratites and feathered game:

Commission Decision 2006/696/EC of 28 August 2006 laying down a list of third countries from which poultry, hatching eggs, day-old chicks, meat of poultry, ratites and wild game-birds, eggs and egg products and specified pathogen-free eggs may be imported into and transit through the Community and the applicable veterinary certification conditions, and amending Decisions 93/342/EEC, 2000/585/EC and 2003/812/EC

From farmed game and rabbits:

Commission Decision 2000/585/EC of 7 September 2000 drawing up a list of third countries from which Member States authorise imports of rabbit meat and certain wild and farmed game meat, and laying down the animal and public health and the veterinary certification conditions for such imports.

Conditions and certification:

Commission Decision 2000/572/EC of 8 September 2000 laying down the animal and public health and veterinary certification conditions for imports of meat preparations into the Community from third countries.

Animal Casings

Commission Decision 2003/779/EC of 31 October 2003 laying down animal health requirements and the veterinary certification for the import of animal casings from third countries.

Fishery product, bivalve mollusc, echinoderms, tunicates and marine gastropods

Commission Decision 2006/766/EC of 6 November 2006 establishing the lists of third countries and territories from which imports of bivalve molluscs, echinoderms, tunicates, marine gastropods and fishery products are permitted.

Commission Regulation (EC) No 2074/2005 of 5 December 2005 laying down implementing measures for certain products under Regulation (EC) No 853/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council and for the organisation of official controls under Regulation (EC) No 854/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council and Regulation (EC) No 882/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council, derogating from Regulation (EC) No 852/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council and amending Regulations (EC) No 853/2004 and (EC) No 854/2004.

Snail Meat and Frogs Legs

Commission Decision 2006/766/EC of 6 November 2006 establishing the lists of third countries and territories from which imports of bivalve molluscs, echinoderms, tunicates, marine gastropods and fishery products are permitted.

Commission Decision 2003/812/EC of 17 November 2003 drawing up lists of third countries from which Member States are to authorise imports of certain products for human consumption subject to Council Directive 92/118/EEC.

Commission Regulation (EC) No 2074/2005 of 5 December 2005 laying down implementing measures for certain products under Regulation (EC) No 853/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council and for the organisation of official controls under Regulation (EC) No

854/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council and Regulation (EC) No 882/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council, derogating from Regulation (EC) No 852/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council and amending Regulations (EC) No 853/2004 and (EC) No 854/2004.

Gelatine and Collagen

Council Decision 79/542/EEC of 21 December 1976 drawing up a list of third countries or parts of third countries, and drawing up a list of third countries or parts of third countries, and laying down animal and public health and veterinary certification conditions, for importation into the Community of certain live animals and their fresh meat.

Commission Decision 2003/812/EC of 17 November 2003 drawing up lists of third countries from which Member States are to authorise imports of certain products for human consumption subject to Council Directive 92/118/EEC.

Commission Regulation (EC) No 2074/2005 of 5 December 2005 laying down implementing measures for certain products under Regulation (EC) No 853/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council and for the organisation of official controls under Regulation (EC) No 854/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council and Regulation (EC) No 882/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council, derogating from Regulation (EC) No 852/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council and amending Regulations (EC) No 853/2004 and (EC) No 854/2004.