Guernsey Quarterly Labour Market Bulletin

Quarter 3 2011 - Issue date 21st December 2011



POLICY COUNCIL

THE STATES OF GUERNSEY

1.1 Introduction

The Labour Market Bulletin provides a quarterly snapshot of the Guernsey labour market using claimant and contribution data provided by the States of Guernsey Social Security Department.

1.2 Headlines

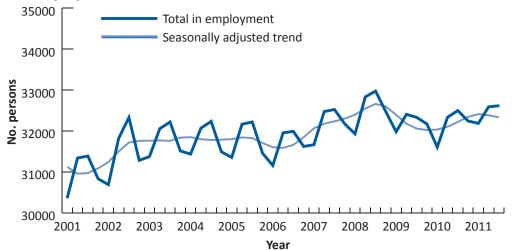
- At the end of September 2011, there were 32,617 employed and self-employed people in the Guernsey, 118 people or 0.4% more than at the same time the previous year.
- There were 197 more employed people and 79 fewer self employed people in September 2011 than at the same time the previous year.
- The number of people registered unemployed (using the ILO definition of unemployment), at the end of September 2011 was 282, three fewer than in September 2010. This represented 0.9% of the workforce.
- There were 2,304 employing organisations in Guernsey at the end of September 2011, 14 more than in September 2010.
- There were 6,940 people employed in Financial Services (Guernsey's largest employing sector) in September 2011, an increase of 0.5% since September 2010.

1.3 Headline data

Table 1.3.1: Employment, unemployment and employers

	Q3 2009	Q4 2009	Q1 2010	Q2 2010	Q3 2010	Q4 2010	Q1 2011	Q2 2011	Q3 2011
Total in employment	32,332	32,171	31,605	32,336	32,499	32,244	32,186	32,591	32,617
No. unemployed (ILO) ¹	324	325	339	329	285	376	301	281	282
No. employers	2,328	2,265	2,238	2,295	2,290	2,280	2,279	2,310	2,304

Figure 1.3.1: Employment

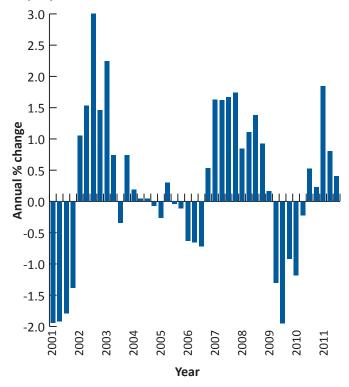


2.1 Employment

Table 2.1.1: Total in employment

Date	No. persons	Annual % change
2008 Q3	32,975	1.4
2008 Q4	32,470	0.9
2009 Q1	31,981	0.2
2009 Q2	32,407	-1.3
2009 Q3	32,332	-2.0
2009 Q4	32,171	-0.9
2010 Q1	31,605	-1.2
2010 Q2	32,336	-0.2
2010 Q3	32,499	0.5
2010 Q4	32,244	0.2
2011 Q1	32,186	1.8
2011 Q2	32,591	0.8
2011 Q3	32,617	0.4

Figure 2.1.1: Annual percentage change in total employment



Employed persons are classified by the Social Security Department as those who work for wages or a salary under a contract of service. Self employed persons are those who are in business for themselves, not under the control of an employer.

Total employment is calculated by adding the number of employed persons to the number of self employed persons.

In the year ending September 2011 the number of people in employment increased by 118 (0.4%) to 32,617 (see *table 2.1.1* and *figure 2.1.1*), the largest number in employment since September 2008.

In total, over the ten years ending September 2011, there has been a cumulative increase of 3.9% in the number of people in employment.

Total employment in Guernsey shows seasonal variations as certain sectors (eg hostelry and horticulture) employ more people during the summer than in the winter. As a result of this, total employment in Guernsey is typically higher in the second and third quarters (ending June and September) than in the first and fourth quarters (ending March and December).

The seasonally adjusted trend shown graphically in *figure 1.3.1* indicates that underlying employment showed a moderate decline in the quarter ending September 2011 compared to the peak earlier in 2011. The trend is calculated using the Census X-12 method, which was developed by the US Census Bureau.

3.1 Employees, self employed and employment by gender

Table 3.1.1: Employees, self employed and employment by gender

			No. persons	А	nnual % change		No. persons	Annual % change		
		Employees	Self employed	Employees	Self employed	Female	Male	Female	Male	
2008	Q3	29,839	3,136	1.7	-1.2	15,019	17,956	2.3	0.6	
2008	Q4	29,390	3,080	1.2	-2.0	14,826	17,644	1.7	0.3	
2009	Q1	28,878	3,103	0.4	-1.7	14,582	17,399	0.7	-0.3	
2009	Q2	29,311	3,096	-1.3	-1.7	14,835	17,572	-0.9	-1.7	
2009	Q3	29,229	3,103	-2.0	-1.1	14,734	17,598	-1.9	-2.0	
2009	Q4	29,112	3,059	-0.9	-0.7	14,845	17,326	0.1	-1.8	
2010	Q1	28,592	3,013	-1.0	-2.9	14,453	17,152	-0.9	-1.4	
2010	Q2	29,257	3,079	-0.2	-0.5	14,878	17,458	0.3	-0.6	
2010	Q3	29,374	3,125	0.5	0.7	14,811	17,688	0.5	0.5	
2010	Q4	29,142	3,102	0.1	1.4	14,771	17,473	-0.5	0.8	
2011	Q1	29,119	3,067	1.8	1.8	14,726	17,460	1.9	1.8	
2011	Q2	29,535	3,056	1.0	-0.7	14,982	17,609	0.7	0.9	
2011	Q3	29,571	3,046	0.7	-2.5	14,961	17,656	1.0	-0.2	

The number of employees (i.e. working for an employer) is subject to the seasonal variations described on the previous page. The number of self employed people does not show regular seasonal increases and decreases to the same extent as the number of employees.

At the end of September 2011, there were 29,571 employees in Guernsey, an increase of 197 (or 1.0%) since September 2010 (see *table 3.1.1* and *figure 3.1.1*).

There were also 3,046 self employed people at the end of September 2011, 79 (2.5%) less than the previous year. Self employed people accounted for 9.3% of the total workforce, 0.3 percentage points less than in September 2010.

In September 2011, there were 14,961 females in employment, 150 (or 1.0%) more than in September 2010 (see *table 3.2.1* and *figure 3.2.1*). By contrast the number of males in employment decreased by 32 (0.2%) in the year ending September 2011 to 17,656.

The proportion of the workforce comprised of females was 45.9% at the end of September 2011, 0.3 percentage points more than in September 2010.

More information on employment rates by age and gender, which are available annually, is published in the States Strategic Monitoring Report 2011 (see www.gov.gg/kpi).

Figure 3.1.1: Annual percentage change in employees and self employed

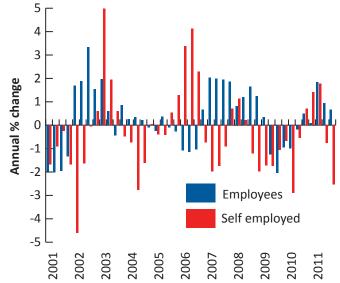
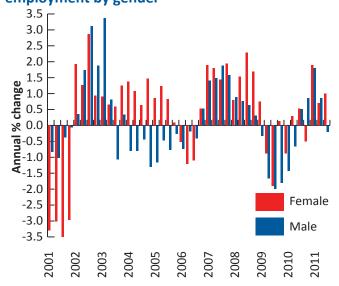


Figure 3.1.2: Annual percentage change in employment by gender



3.3 Employment by economic sector

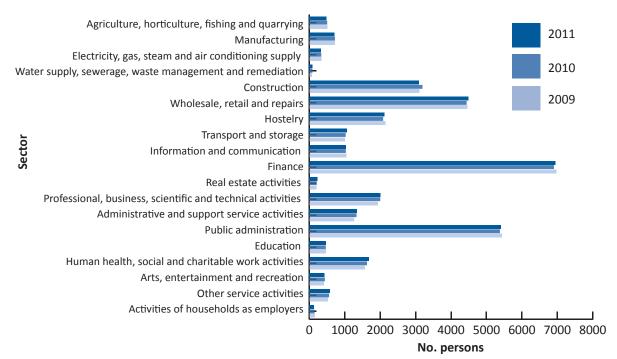


Figure 3.3.1: Employment by economic sector at September each year

Employers and employees can be analysed by economic sector for a more detailed picture of the types of economic activity they are involved in. A breakdown of the activities included in each of the economic sector codes used in this bulletin can be found on our website **www.gov.gg/ecodes**.

As show in *figure 3.3.1* and *table 3.4.1*, the largest proportion (21.3%) of people in employment in Guernsey worked in the finance sector in September 2011. In the year ending September 2011 the number of people working in the finance sector increased by 34 (0.5%).

The sector which showed the largest annual percentage change in the number of employees and self employed was the real estate activities sector which increased by 11.5%, from 208 people in September 2010 to 232 people in September 2011.

The activities of households as employers section, the second smallest economic sector in Guernsey, showed the largest annual percentage decrease in the year ending September 2011, declining by 9.7% to 130 people.

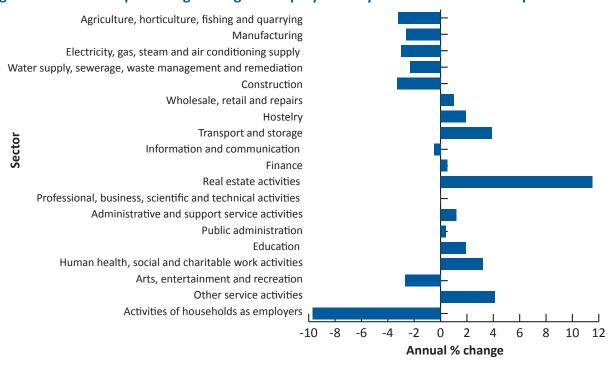
The construction sector had the largest number self employed people in September 2011 (870 people), representing 28.6% of all self employed people and 28.2% of the total number employed in the construction sector. The other service activities sector had the highest proportion of self employment with 31.8% of workers in the sector being self employed (see *table 3.4.1*).

3.4 Employees and self employed by economic sector and gender

Figure 3.4.1: Employment by economic sector at September 2011

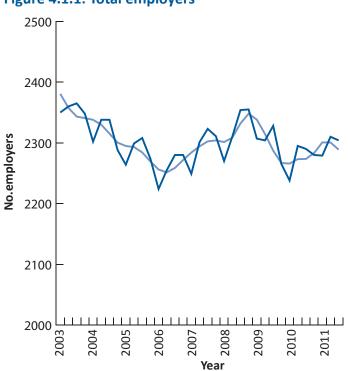
		No. er	nployees		No. self e	mployed	Total no. in	% of total	Annual
	Female	Male	Total	Female	Male	Total	employment	for all sectors	% change
Agriculture, horticulture, fishing and quarrying	180	176	356	8	123	131	487	1.5	-3.2
Manufacturing	166	418	584	28	91	119	703	2.2	-2.6
Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	60	260	320	-	6	6	326	1.0	-3.0
Water supply, sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	12	63	75	-	10	10	85	0.3	-2.3
Construction	146	2,073	2,219	22	848	870	3,089	9.5	-3.3
Wholesale, retail and repairs	1,795	2,348	4,143	80	264	344	4,487	13.8	1.0
Hostelry	850	1,093	1,943	55	124	179	2,122	6.5	1.9
Transport and storage	184	766	950	10	105	115	1,065	3.3	3.9
Information and communication	268	711	979	12	34	46	1,025	3.1	-0.5
Finance	3,766	3,100	6,866	12	62	74	6,940	21.3	0.5
Real estate activities	109	104	213	5	14	19	232	0.7	11.5
Professional, business, scientific and technical activities	960	663	1,623	63	317	380	2,003	6.1	0.0
Administrative and support service activities	518	623	1,141	31	176	207	1,348	4.1	1.2
Public administration	3,231	2,140	5,371	4	27	31	5,402	16.6	0.4
Education	281	97	378	75	19	94	472	1.4	1.9
Human health, social and charitable work activities	1,227	275	1,502	77	101	178	1,680	5.2	3.2
Arts, entertainment and recreation	155	213	368	26	31	57	425	1.3	-2.7
Other service activities	319	76	395	129	55	184	579	1.8	4.1
Activities of households as employers	86	42	128	2	-	2	130	0.4	-9.7
Other	9	8	17			-	17	0.1	-15.0
Total for all sectors	14,322	15,249	29,571	639	2,407	3,046	32,617	100.0	0.4

Figure 3.4.1: Annual percentage change in employment by economic sector at September 2011



4.1 Employers by size

Figure 4.1.1: Total employers



At the end of September 2011, there were 2,304 employers in Guernsey, 14 (0.6%) more than the previous year (see *figure 4.1.1* and *table 4.1.1*).

There were 7 organisations employing 250 or more people in September 2011 the same number as in September 2010.

Of the nineteen sectors 8 showed an increase in employers over the year ending June 2011, 5 showed no change and 6 decreased (see *table 4.2.1*). Please note that some of the percentage changes are based on small numbers and can therefore seem large relative to the actual change in numbers.

Of the organisations which employed more than 50 people, 37 (31.1%) were in the finance sector at the end of September 2011.

Table 4.1.1: Employers by size (number of employees)

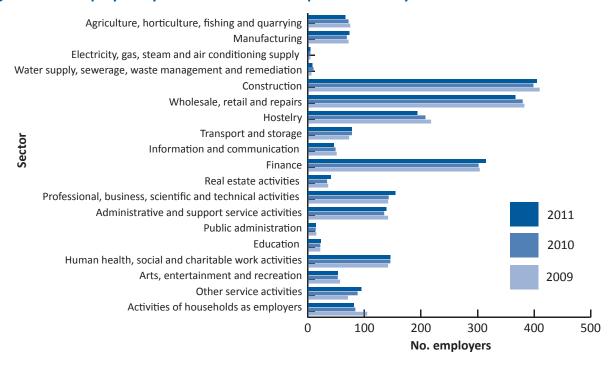
	No. employers by size (number of employees)										Annual %
		1	2 to 5	6 to 10	11 to 25	26 to 50	51 to 100	101 to 250	250+	employers	change
2008	Q3	616	822	372	300	126	70	39	9	2,354	1.3
2008	Q4	632	842	359	291	116	72	34	9	2,355	1.9
2009	Q1	620	838	351	278	110	68	34	8	2,307	1.6
2009	Q2	597	841	362	281	111	71	33	8	2,304	-0.3
2009	Q3	596	851	359	289	112	76	37	8	2,328	-1.1
2009	Q4	589	815	366	264	120	69	35	7	2,265	-3.8
2010	Q1	606	788	355	265	113	73	32	6	2,238	-3.0
2010	Q2	606	822	370	264	116	79	31	7	2,295	-0.4
2010	Q3	588	811	370	284	115	79	36	7	2,290	-1.6
2010	Q4	599	816	359	273	121	70	36	6	2,280	0.7
2011	Q1	595	831	354	273	109	74	37	6	2,279	1.8
2011	Q2	612	817	367	280	117	72	38	7	2,310	0.7
2011	Q3	588	816	362	303	116	73	39	7	2,304	0.6

4.2 Employers by economic sector and size

Figure 4.2.1: Employers by economic sector and size (number of employees) at September 2011

	% of total	Annual %					
	1 to 5	6 to 25	26 to 50	51 or more	Total	for all sectors	change
Agriculture, horticulture, fishing and quarrying	46	17	2	1	66	2.9	-8.3
Manufacturing	43	26	1	3	73	3.2	5.8
Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	1	1	0	2	4	0.2	0.0
Water supply, sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	5	2	0	1	8	0.3	-20.0
Construction	281	113	5	6	405	17.6	1.5
Wholesale, retail and repairs	221	111	16	19	367	15.9	-3.4
Hostelry	94	75	15	10	194	8.4	-6.7
Transport and storage	42	23	8	5	78	3.4	0.0
Information and communication	25	13	3	5	46	2.0	-6.1
Finance	132	111	35	37	315	13.7	4.3
Real estate activities	30	9	2	0	41	1.8	20.6
Professional, business, scientific and technical activities	97	43	8	7	155	6.7	8.4
Administrative and support service activities	92	34	6	7	139	6.0	3.0
Public administration	9	2	0	3	14	0.6	0.0
Education	13	5	1	4	23	1.0	4.5
Human health, social and charitable work activities	87	41	11	7	146	6.3	0.0
Arts, entertainment and recreation	31	19	2	1	53	2.3	0.0
Other service activities	78	15	1	1	95	4.1	8.0
Activities of households as employers	76	5	0	0	81	3.5	-3.6
Total for all sectors	1,404	665	116	119	2,304	100.0	0.6

Figure 4.2.1: Employers by economic sector at September each year



5.1 Unemployment

Table 5.1.1: Number and percentage of workforce registered as unemployed

			No. persons	% of workforce				
		ILO definition unemployed	Total registered unemployed	ILO definition unemployed	Total registered unemployed			
2008	Q3	196	284	0.6	0.9			
2008	Q4	273	343	0.8	1.1			
2009	Q1	335	447	1.0	1.4			
2009	Q2	330	431	1.0	1.3			
2009	Q3	324	440	1.0	1.4			
2009	Q4	325	423	1.0	1.3			
2010	Q1	339	498	1.1	1.6			
2010	Q2	329	481	1.0	1.5			
2010	Q3	285	444	0.9	1.4			
2010	Q4	276	420	0.9	1.3			
2011	Q1	301	468	0.9	1.5			
2011	Q2	281	461	0.9	1.4			
2011	Q3	282	443	0.9	1.3			

Figure 5.1.1: Percentage of workforce registered as unemployed

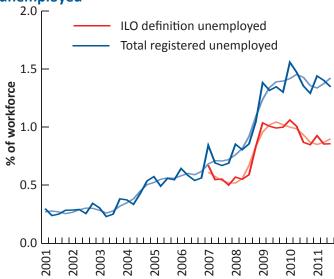
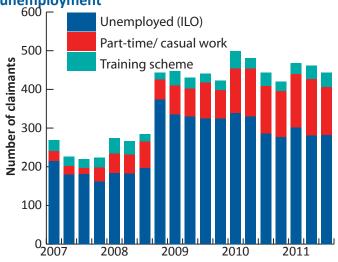


Figure 5.1.2: Composition of total registered unemployment



As show in *table 5.1.1*, there were 282 people registered as unemployed using the International Labour Office definitions of unemployment¹ in September 2011, 3 people less than in September the previous year.

The registered unemployment rate using the ILO definition was 0.9% at the end of September 2011, the same rate as September 2010 (see *figure 5.1.1*).

The "total registered unemployed" measure (which was the previous headline measure) includes those on government training schemes for the unemployed (such as the Community and Environmental Projects Scheme) or anybody in part time or casual employment who is available to work additional hours but still eligible to claim job seekers benefit to supplement their income.

The rate of unemployment using the total registered unemployed measure was 1.3% at the end of September 2011, 0.1 percentage points lower than in September 2010.

Figure 5.1.2 shows the composition of total registered unemployment (i.e ILO unemployment plus claimants in part-time or casual employment or participating in a training scheme but still eligible for jobseekers benefits).

At the end of September 2011 there were 124 claimants participating in part time or casual work, 1 claimant more than in September 2010. There were also 37 claimants participating in government training schemes in September 2011, one more than at the same time the previous year.

¹ See http://www.statistics.gov.uk/statbase/Product.asp?vlnk=2054

5.2 Unemployment in detail

The number of males unemployed (by ILO definitions) in September 2011 was greater than the number of females registered unemployed in all age categories (see *figure* 3.2.1).

Typically, the age distribution of registered unemployment in females is more even than in males. The higher level of unemployment in the younger age categories in particular is more pronounced in men then in women.

The age group with the highest number of unemployed males was the 20 and 29 category accounting for 28% of all unemployed males and 19% of the total number of unemployed.

The age group with the most unemployed females in September 2011 was also 20-29, in which there were 23 people who were registered as unemployed using the ILO definition.

The 60-65 age group had the least number of unemployed for both males and females.

Claimants registered unemployed for less than a month accounted for 14% of claimants (55 people) registering at Social Security in the snapshot week in September 2011 (see *figure 5.2.1*). 47% of claimants had been unemployed for less than three months (see *figure 5.2.2*)

Claimants who had been registered for more than a year comprised 23% of the total.

Figure 5.2.1: Unemployment by age and gender in September 2011

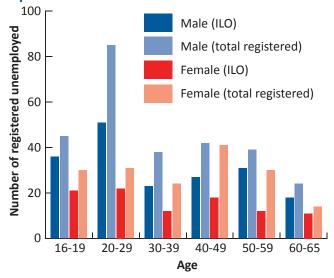
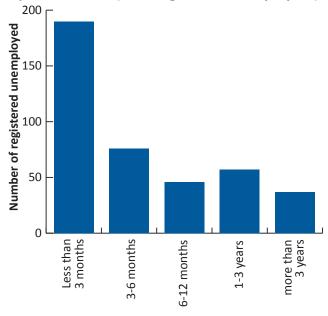


Table 5.2.1: Duration of unemployment by age in September 2011 (total registered unemployed¹)

	Age									
Length of Claim	15-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	9-09	Total	%		
0 - 2 weeks	3	1	0	0	1	1	6	1.5		
3 - 4 weeks	7	14	8	10	4	6	49	12.1		
5 - 8 weeks	18	20	7	10	7	7	69	17.0		
9 - 13 weeks	20	14	10	10	10	2	66	16.3		
14 - 26 weeks	11	26	10	9	11	9	76	18.7		
27 weeks - 1 year	4	14	7	9	9	3	46	11.3		
1 year - 3 years	3	15	9	14	9	7	57	14.0		
More than 3 years	0	1	5	16	14	1	37	9.1		
Total	66	105	56	78	65	36	406	100.0		

Figure 5.2.2: Duration of unemployment September 2011 (total registered unemployed¹)



¹ for claimants calling/registering in the snapshot week only

5.2 Unemployment in detail

Figure 5.2.3: Number of vacancies placed with the job centre each month



Figure 5.2.3 shows the number of vacancies placed with the Guernsey job centre each month. Although this is not a complete representation of the total number of vacancies in the Island, it does provide an indication of the strength of the employment market.

6.1 Contact details and further information

A summary of the business activities which make up each of the nineteen economic sectors used throughout this bulletin is available online at: **www.gov.gg/ecodes**.

You may also be interested in other publications from the Policy and Research Unit, which are all available online at **www.gov.gg/pru**.

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